Laqua forever

Conservation easement protects a high Humboldt ranch from development

story & photos by HEIDI WALTERS

A handful of real estate agents, a shopping mall maven and some environmentalists stood atop an expansive hillside with unobstructed views to Heaven and beyond last Thursday — a ha, we know what you're thinking: No, they were not praying, they were not wrong. This wasn't a modern-day battle for the last best place, an ideological fight to the death between landowners/developer-wannabes and land lover/let-it-bees. No. You've been riding those stereotypes too long. This hilltop gathering was, rather, a quite amiable handshake, a deliciously happy [you might say] celebration of an arrangement in which all agreed everyone won.

This land, this privately owned 4,700 acres of cattle-grazed, deer-nibbled,aptor-haunted vastness of forests and grassland should remain forever thus.

At the top of yet another twisty turn in the skinny road winding up, down, up and inland into the wider, dry-grassy section of Humboldt past Kneeland, the van stopped and the car wobbled and weary crawled out to a stop in the middle of the road. A cat — so foreign to the fogbound coast — soaked everything, sky to ground, and from the sweet-smelling, pale dry grass on a slope leading to a stock pond a meadowlark repeated incessantly. The soft hills soared and dropped all around acres of grass interrupted by bands of oak woodlands in the lower reaches and forests of Douglas fir and other conifers in the higher elevations. The H. K. of Yager Creek meandered through one of the deep creases, where big leaf maples were taking on a bright yellow tint, its water nifty with tannins from the autumn drop of oak leaves.

After nearly an hour of slow, tortuous ascents — just a dozen or so miles from the redwoods, as the crow flies — we were finally on the edge of the old Fulton Ranch, now owned by Francis and Carole Carrington. We'd driven through deciduous forests and over creeks, encountering several black-tailed deer along the way, some crossing the road in a hurry, others slowly, still spotted and naive. Once, we'd come around a bend to the sight of a young calf spotted on his horse amid a band of cows. We spotted a few kestrels, and as we approached the viewpoint above the stockpond — water suspended in a round hilltop pool, reflecting rain clouds streaked with blue — a white egret coasted onto its surface.

This was a celebratory tour of a new conservation easement of a cattle ranch in the Northcoast Regional Land Trust (NRLT) to show what four years of negotiating bureaucratic tasks, winning over donors and assembling the paperwork can achieve: the preservation of the 4,700-acre Laqua ranch as a working cattle ranch in perpetuity. The conservation easement is an agreement between the Carringtons, who bought the ranch in 2002, and the state. The property owners relinquish their, and subsequent owners', right to subdivide and develop the property in exchange for some money and lower taxes. The owners will be able to continue working the ranch — hunting, fishing, raising cattle (in a way that doesn't degrade streams or soil) and cutting timber (no clear-cutting allowed, nor any streamside logging, and only 25 percent of the trees can be cut each decade). The California Department of Forestry will hold the easement, and the NRLT will keep an eye on the land to make sure its conservation values remain protected, said the trust's Shayne Green.

The Laqua easement is part of the NRLT's Six Rivers to the Sea effort to conserve working ranch lands and water resources from the Six Rivers National Forest down to the coast in Humboldt, Del Norte and Trinity counties. The first easement was on Steve Hackett's family's Howe Creek Ranch near Ferndale. In 1999, six more easements are in the works that could amount to 35,000-plus acres, says the NRLT's Erik Wilson. NRLT paid the Carringtons $3.5 million for the easement, using funds from the state Wildlife Conservation Board, the federal Forest Legacy Program and the state's Forest Legacy Program. The state paid $3.5 million and a few individuals. The easement was valued at $4.1 million, says Wilson — the Carringtons donated the remaining $635,000.

Further down the road at the Laqua Ranch house (site of a cavalry fort in the mid-1860s), the Carringtons — who actually live over in Butler Valley and hire hands to caretake laqua and tend its 200 cattle — waited for us. Francis, standing on the porch holding a red and white coffee cup, said he first saw laqua about 25 years ago when he was driving through the mountains on the back road to Bridgeville. He knew he wanted to buy it someday — and finally did. "I fell in love with it," he said.

A couple of years after the Carringtons had bought the ranch, land owner and land agent Steve Hackett, of the Howe Ranch, and Mock Walthall, a real estate agent who happened to have owned the Laqua ranch as a kid, asked if they had considered a conservation easement. Hackett, standing near the porch, said he didn't really try to get into the business of helping broker conservation easements on ranches. Back then, it was a pretty wild way for a rancher around here to be thinking. And he didn't even have a land trust to work with at the time. "I was pushing the envelopes on that," he said. But he said he saw a broadened future: former working ranches and private timberlands, hit by increased regulations and hard times, broken into unworkable bits and peppered with low-density housing. "I liken it to the loss of the Great Plains and the buffalo," Hackett said. "Back then, that there would be no buffalos some day, people would have laughed and laughed at that. But all you have to do is look [at what is happening already]. But people aren't looking." Avid this conversation, the name of developer Robert Mckee came up, momentarily as evidence of this other scenario: Mckee has been in a legal battle with the county over his decision to subdivide Southern Humboldt's Tosby Ranch. The real estate men on the tour of Laqua were reluctant to judge. Walthall, who represented the Carringtons in the easement, said he can see Mckee's side of it. He has the right to do what he wants to do with his property," he said.

Rancher Hackett, however, said that without a conservation easement on his land it likely would end up being priced beyond what his offspring could afford to keep up. "My own motivation [at Mckee's Tosby Ranch] is not to do the problem of transferring my land and keeping it in the family," he added. He said for Francis Carrington, a successful shopping mall developer, money wasn't the issue. "It was to be beautiful," he said.

A couple of days after the tour, Walthall, who works with Coldwell Banker/Cutten Realty in Eureka, explained his own interest in laqua. His family's 640-acre ranch, also called laqua, is about a 15-minute horseback ride over the hill from the Fulton's laqua Ranch. The family's dads were buddies, the kids wandered the hills together on foot and horseback. "That was the first place I went fishing," said Walthall, who was born in 1947. He was about 6 years old at the time. "We'd catch trout down there [in Yager Creek]. So, I have good memories of it."

Walthall said he knows that some ranchers still look askance at conservation easements, and being a conserva tive fellow himself, he understands where they're coming from and if they think they're sometimes not fully informed about what conservation easements really do. "laqua is under the microscope right now," he said. "These are the perception that conservation easements are open doors for government intrusion. I've had numerous other ranchers call us. They say, 'What's going to happen at laqua?' and 'Why are you doing that?' And I say, 'I love that ranch.'"

Avid and Carrington told the skeptics that under the easement laqua could never be developed, but it would always have presence and would continue to be operated as a cattle ranch.

"That's the beauty of this place," Walthall said. "It will never be develop ed. It's pristine. It's highest and best use is ranching, it's got a lot of water — it's all run by hypodermic. It's got the headwater of Yager Creek — you've got three major crickets, Dairy Creek, Butter and Eel. It's got to do with the problem of transferring my land and keeping it in the family." He added. He said for Francis Carrington, a successful shopping mall developer, money wasn't the issue. "It was to be beautiful," he said.